

NEWTON

Q&A:

This Column first appeared in volume 21 of DEVELOP (the Apple technical journal for developers)
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ASK THE

LLAMA

Q *I'm trying to remove indexes that I've added to the names soup. But the code to do it is kind of First I have to go through all the indexes to see if my index is in the soup. Then if I find the index I can remove it. Is there an easier way?*

A Yes, there's an easier way. Remember that a call to RemoveIndex will throw an exception if it's passed an invalid index. You can wrap your code in an exception handler and prevent the invalid index exception from leaving your code:

```
ExceptionBasedRemoveIndex := func(theSlotsym, theSoupName)
begin
    local theSoup;
    foreach store in GetStores() do
        begin
            theSoup := store:GetSoup(theSoupName);
            if theSoup then
                try
                    theSoup:removeIndex(theSlotsym);
                onexception |evt.ex.fr.store| do
                    if CurrentException().error <> -48013 then
                        ReThrow();
                    end;
                end
            end
        end
    end
end
```

This function will remove a particular index (specified by theSlotsym) from a particular soup (specified by theSoupName) on all currently mounted stores. If the index exists, it will be removed; otherwise, the exception thrown for trying to remove an invalid index will be caught and ignored. If a different exception occurs, it will be rethrown so that other exception handlers or the system can deal with the exception.

Q *I'm writing a utility that is an auto part. My utility needs preferences, but there's no application to add preferences to. Where should I put my preferences?*

A The guidelines for preferences are simple:

- For an any addition that has an icon in the extras drawer, the preferences should be part of that application. Use the info button to access them.
- For something that has no icon in the extras drawer, add your preferences to the system preferences roll.

See the sample "Preefer Madness" on this issue's CD for more information.

Q *When text gets pasted into my paragraph view, that text is highlighted. I want to be able to detect when this happens and then be able to unselect the text. How do I do that?*

A When the text gets added, the `viewChangedScript` will get called with the slot parameter set to `'text'`. You can use the `SetHilite` message to unhighlight the text. However, the `viewChangedScript` will get called before the underlying implementation of the paragraph view has been changed. This means you need to call `SetHilite` in a deferred action.

Q *I'm writing a specialized application for a corporate customer. One of the requirements is that the application launch when the Newton is turned on (a "turnkey" application). Is there a way to do this with the Newton?*

A You can use the `installScript` of your application to add a deferred action that opens your application:

```
constant kAppSymbol := '|autoLaunch:PIEDTS|';
installScript := func(partFrame)
begin
    AddDeferredAction(func() GetRoot().(kAppSymbol):Open(), []);
end;
```

This will launch your application whenever the Newton is restarted or a card containing your application is inserted. Note that if the application is closed before the Newton is restarted again the application will not relaunch. Nor will the user be prevented from accessing other features of the Newton such as Names, Dates, or Extras Drawer; that's a much harder problem.

Q *I've been trying to use the `protoRoll` and `protoRollItem` to create a roll browser of my own. Everything works fine until I scroll. For a couple of these items I need to tap the down arrow to make it go to the next roll item. I see the scrolling view effect, but it just scrolls to itself. The height slot in each of the roll items has the same value as the height in their `viewBounds` slot. If I move the roll items around when they're added to the `protoRoll` (dynamically from my own `protos`), they work fine. How can I fix this?*

A The problem is that one of the `protoRollItems` in the `items` array is larger than the `protoRoll`. If you make the roll browser larger than the largest roll item, all will work fine; otherwise, you have to scroll the roll item twice to move to the next roll item.

Also, since you imply that the entire large roll item is visible, I assume that the `protoRoll` has `vClipping` turned off. If you'd had clipping on, you would probably have noticed that the individual roll item was too large.

Q *I'm having some problems with margins when I'm faxing. A fax without a cover page has different margins than a printed page. The actual `viewBounds` is the same, but the margins of the fax are different from the `viewBounds`.*

Also, a fax with a cover page has even different margins. The viewBounds is different, too (20 pixels shorter in height), but that's OK. The problem is that the actual margins when faxed are different from those specified by the viewBounds slot. Is this a known problem?

- A** Faxes with a cover page have a header line at the top of the fax which takes up those mysterious pixels. In fact, it might be a bug that faxes without a cover page omit this header, but perhaps the only bug is not documenting that protoPrintFormat (which provides the cover page) also adds the header.

The way to find the correct page bounds is to set the viewBounds of your base print view to that of the parent. The base print view is usually a clView that is a child of a print layout. You can use the following code in the viewSetupFormScript of your base print view to set your bounds to those of your parent:

```
viewBounds := :Parent():LocalBox();
```

- Q** *I've got an auto part that installs a template for the formulas roll. On the roll item I've got a protoLabelInputLine for data entry, and a button that I want to use to clear the input line. My buttonClickScript is very simple:*

```
buttonClickScript := func()
begin
  SetValue(myInputLine.entryLine, 'text, "");
end;
```

The first time the button is tapped, the input line gets cleared OK; after that it never seems to work no matter how I code it. Can you help?

- A** This is a very subtle problem. The answer will be revealed in stages, so that you too can experience the "Aha!"

Observation 1: When you edit the text in any clParagraphView, no new strings are generated. The existing string is destructively modified (excluding the usual _proto copying, of course).

Observation 2: During the compile cycle, the Newton Toolkit will turn all your strings into constants. Contrast this to using braces to construct a frame. As an illustration, assume you have these three methods:

```
Method1 := func()
begin
  return {slot1: "also string"};
end;

Method2 := func()
begin
```

```

    return '{slot2: "also also string"}';
end;

```

```

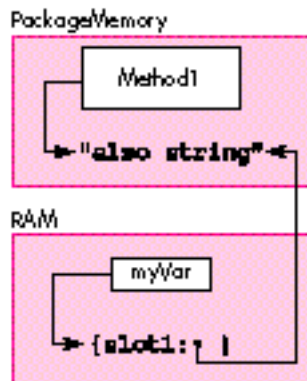
Method3 := func()
begin
    return "a string";
end;

```

The braces specify a frame constructor. Each time you call Method1 it will return a reference to newly allocated frame, though not different contents. For example, when the following is executed

```
myVar := call Method1() with ();
```

here's what you get in memory:



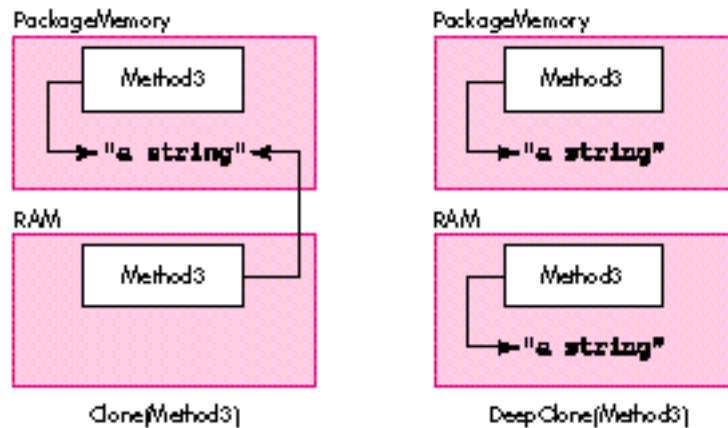
On the other hand, Method2 quotes the frame, which makes it a quoted constant. In other words each time you call Method2 it will return a reference to the same frame. And Method3 does something else altogether: In the Newton Toolkit, a string is treated like a quoted frame (or array). It's a constant object, so each time you call Method3 it will return a reference to the same string. Note that this means that in both Method1 and Method2 the slot in each frame will reference the same string. Diagrams that show what happens in memory when each of these three methods is executed are provided on this issue's CD along with this column.

Observation 3: When you call SetValue, you're actually copying the reference to the empty string from your buttonClickScript into the text slot of the entry line. You might think this would cause an error, because the string constant can't be modified. But clParagraphViews are smart: if the string can't be modified (that is, if it's read-only), a copy is made.

Observation 4: I checked in the inspector, and your buttonClickScript is not read-only. This means that the string constant "" in that script is also not read-only.

Observation 5: To prevent the grip of death on a card, you would need to call EnsureInternal on your formula roll entry. This effectively makes a copy of the entire template, including constant

the NewtonScript heap. The following illustration contrasts a Clone with a DeepClone (which is what EnsureInternal uses). Note that the DeepClone creates a new read/write copy of the string



Conclusion: You press the Clear Data button once. This sets the reference of the input line string point to the string constant in your buttonClickScript. Since the string constant is no longer read only, changing the input line string destructively modifies the string constant. You may think this would lead to a bus error or worse, but thanks to NewtonScript, it works as it should. The next time you press the Clear Data button, the input line string reference gets replaced with a reference to the now modified string constant.

The solution is to change the SetValue call to

```
SetValue(dataItem.entryLine, 'text', Clone(""));
```

This will make a copy of the string constant and return a reference to the copy.

Q *Just recently I came into possession of a sword. It was handed to me by a lady in a lake whose was clad in the finest shimmering samite. I figure with this sign of divine providence I should be to wield supreme executive power. What do you think?*

A Fortunately, strange women in ponds has not been used as a basis of a system of government since the Dark Ages. These days supreme executive power derives from a mandate from the masses, from a farcical aquatic ceremony. If I claimed to be President just because some aquatic gymnast threw a sword at me, I'd be locked up for sure.

The ILLAMA is

the unofficial mascot of the Developer Technical Support group in Apple's Personal Interactive Electronics (PIE) division. Send your Newton-related questions to NewtonMail DRLLAMA or AppleLink DR.LLAMA. The first time we use a question from you, we'll send you a T-shirt.

Thanks

to Don Gummow and our PIE Partners for the questions used in this column, and to jXopher Bell, Bob Ebert, Mike Engber, Kent Sandvik, Jim Schram, and Maurice Sharp for the answers.

Have more questions?

Need more answers? Take a look at PIE Developer Info on [AppleLink](#).